1	SOCIAL SECURITY TAX CREDIT
2	2017 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: John R. Westwood
5	Senate Sponsor: Don L. Ipson
6	Cosponsor: Justin L. Fawson
7 8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill provides for an individual income tax credit for certain social security benefits.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	 defines social security benefit;
14	 provides that a claimant may claim a tax credit for certain social security benefits
15	that are included in the claimant's federal adjusted gross income;
16	 provides that a claimant may claim either the retirement tax credit or the tax credit
17	enacted by this bill; and
18	 provides for rulemaking authority.
19	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
20	None
21	Other Special Clauses:
22	None
23	Utah Code Sections Affected:
24	AMENDS:



59-10-1002.2 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 263
59-10-1019, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 389
ENACTS:
59-10-1038 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 59-10-1002.2 is amended to read:
59-10-1002.2. Apportionment of tax credits.
(1) A nonresident individual or a part-year resident individual that claims a tax credit
in accordance with Section 59-10-1017, 59-10-1018, 59-10-1019, 59-10-1022, 59-10-1023,
59-10-1024, [or] 59-10-1028, or 59-10-1038 may only claim an apportioned amount of the tax
credit equal to:
(a) for a nonresident individual, the product of:
(i) the state income tax percentage for the nonresident individual; and
(ii) the amount of the tax credit that the nonresident individual would have been
allowed to claim but for the apportionment requirements of this section; or
(b) for a part-year resident individual, the product of:
(i) the state income tax percentage for the part-year resident individual; and
(ii) the amount of the tax credit that the part-year resident individual would have been
allowed to claim but for the apportionment requirements of this section.
(2) A nonresident estate or trust that claims a tax credit in accordance with Section
59-10-1017, 59-10-1020, 59-10-1022, 59-10-1024, or 59-10-1028 may only claim an
apportioned amount of the tax credit equal to the product of:
(a) the state income tax percentage for the nonresident estate or trust; and
(b) the amount of the tax credit that the nonresident estate or trust would have been
allowed to claim but for the apportionment requirements of this section.
Section 2. Section 59-10-1019 is amended to read:
59-10-1019. Definitions Nonrefundable retirement tax credits.
(1) As used in this section:
(a) "Eligible age 65 or older retiree" means a claimant, regardless of whether that
claimant is retired, who:

56	(i) is 65 years of age or older; and
57	(ii) was born on or before December 31, 1952.
58	(b) (i) "Eligible retirement income" means income received by an eligible under age 65
59	retiree as a pension or annuity if that pension or annuity is:
60	(A) paid to the eligible under age 65 retiree or the surviving spouse of an eligible under
61	age 65 retiree; and
62	(B) (I) paid from an annuity contract purchased by an employer under a plan that meets
63	the requirements of Section 404(a)(2), Internal Revenue Code;
64	(II) purchased by an employee under a plan that meets the requirements of Section 408,
65	Internal Revenue Code; or
66	(III) paid by:
67	(Aa) the United States;
68	(Bb) a state or a political subdivision of a state; or
69	(Cc) the District of Columbia.
70	(ii) "Eligible retirement income" does not include amounts received by the spouse of a
71	living eligible under age 65 retiree because of the eligible under age 65 retiree's having been
72	employed in a community property state.
73	(c) "Eligible under age 65 retiree" means a claimant, regardless of whether that
74	claimant is retired, who:
75	(i) is younger than 65 years of age;
76	(ii) was born on or before December 31, 1952; and
77	(iii) has eligible retirement income for the taxable year for which a tax credit is claimed
78	under this section.
79	(d) "Head of household filing status" is as defined in Section 59-10-1018.
80	(e) "Joint filing status" is as defined in Section 59-10-1018.
81	(f) "Married filing separately status" means a married individual who:
82	(i) does not file a single federal individual income tax return jointly with that married
83	individual's spouse for the taxable year; and
84	(ii) files a single federal individual income tax return for the taxable year.
85	(g) "Modified adjusted gross income" means the sum of an eligible age 65 or older
86	retiree's or eligible under age 65 retiree's:

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- 87 (i) adjusted gross income for the taxable year for which a tax credit is claimed under 88 this section; 89 (ii) any interest income that is not included in adjusted gross income for the taxable 90 year described in Subsection (1)(g)(i); and 91 (iii) any addition to adjusted gross income required by Section 59-10-114 for the 92 taxable year described in Subsection (1)(g)(i). 93 (h) "Single filing status" means a single individual who files a single federal individual 94 income tax return for the taxable year. 95 (2) Except as provided in Section 59-10-1002.2 and Subsection (6) and subject to 96 Subsections (3) through (5): 97 (a) each eligible age 65 or older retiree may claim a nonrefundable tax credit of \$450 98 against taxes otherwise due under this part; or 99 (b) each eligible under age 65 retiree may claim a nonrefundable tax credit against 100 taxes otherwise due under this part in an amount equal to the lesser of: 101 (i) \$288; or 102 (ii) the product of: 103 (A) the eligible under age 65 retiree's eligible retirement income for the taxable year for 104 which the eligible under age 65 retiree claims a tax credit under this section; and 105 (B) 6%. (3) A tax credit under this section may not be carried forward or carried back. 106 107 (4) The sum of the tax credits allowed by Subsection (2) claimed on one return filed 108 under this part shall be reduced by \$.025 for each dollar by which modified adjusted gross 109 income for purposes of the return exceeds: 110 (a) for a federal individual income tax return that is allowed a married filing separately 111 status, \$16,000; 112 (b) for a federal individual income tax return that is allowed a single filing status, 113 \$25,000; 114 (c) for a federal individual income tax return that is allowed a head of household filing
 - status, \$32,000; or

 (d) for a return under this chapter that is allowed a joint filing status, \$32,000.
 - (5) For purposes of determining the ownership of items of retirement income under this

118	section, common law doctrine shall be applied in all cases even though some items of
119	retirement income may have originated from service or investments in a community property
120	state.
121	(6) If an eligible age 65 or older retiree or an eligible under age 65 retiree qualifies for a
122	tax credit under this section and under Section 59-10-1038, the eligible age 65 or older retiree
123	or eligible under age 65 retiree may claim either the tax credit under this section or the tax
124	credit under Section 59-10-1038.
125	Section 3. Section 59-10-1038 is enacted to read:
126	59-10-1038. Nonrefundable tax credit for social security benefit.
127	(1) As used in this section:
128	(a) "Claimant" means a resident or nonresident individual whose adjusted gross income
129	reported on the state individual income tax return consists of at least 50% taxable social
130	security benefit.
131	(b) "Social security benefit" means an amount received by a claimant as a monthly
132	benefit in accordance with Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 401 et seq.
133	(2) Except as provided in Section 59-10-1002.2, a claimant may claim a nonrefundable
134	tax credit against taxes otherwise due under this part equal to the product of:
135	(a) 5%; and
136	(b) the claimant's taxable social security benefit that is included in the claimant's
137	adjusted gross income.
138	(3) A claimant:
139	(a) may not carry forward or carry back a tax credit under this section;
140	(b) may, if the claimant qualifies for a tax credit under this section and Section
141	59-10-1019, claim either the tax credit under this section or the tax credit under Section
142	<u>59-10-1019; and</u>
143	(c) may claim a tax credit under this section for a taxable year beginning on or after
144	January 1, 2018, but ending on or before December 31, 2022.
145	(4) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
146	commission may make rules governing the calculation and method for claiming the tax credit
147	described in this section.